## 777 East Park Drive Tonawanda NY 14150 6781 (716) 874 6020 & Boreal

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS No.

January 20, 1992

Laborato	PO Box 5059 815 Fiero Lane San Luis Obispo, CA 93403	Boreal Laboratories 399 Vansickle Road St Catherines Ontario	50.70		ctive Date	January	20, 1992
SECTION	NAME	24 HO	UR EN	IERGE	NCY AS	SISTA	NCE
Product	CADMIUM, METAL		^		EMTREC -424-9300	Healt	. 3
Chemical Synonyms	Cadmium Metal, Mossy, Stick	KS	$ \langle \rangle$	Day	716-226-6177	Fi	0
Formula	Cd		NEF		716-334-422	Reactivi	ty
Unit(s) Size 30 grams to 2.5 Kg.			HAZARD RATING			HMIS *	
CAC No.	7440-43-9	I.	0	100	2	3	4

C.A.S. No.			
SECTION		NGREDIENTS OF MIXT	JRES
Principal Ha	zardous Component(s)	%	TLV Units
Cadmium Meta	al	>99.8%	See Section V.
WARNING! P	OISONOUS FUMES MAY BE FORMED O	N HEATING.	
HAZARDOUS	DUST - USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE EX	HAUST VENTILATION.	
MAY BE HAR	MFUL IF SWALLOWED. SUSPECTED C	RCINOGEN. *	

SECTION III	PHYSICAL DA	ATA			
Melting Point (°F)	320.9°C (610°F)	Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1)	8.642 @ 20°C		
Boiling Point (°F)	767°C (1412°F)	Percent Volatile by Volume (%)	0% @ 20°C		
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	1 mm @ 394°C	Evaporation Rate ( =1)	Non-volatile (NA).		
Vapor Density (Air=1)	Data not listed.				
Solubility in Water	Insoluble.				
Appearance & Odor	Silvery-white, bluish, lustrous metal - powder, mossy, rods, sticks; no odor.				

SECTION I	AND A STREET OF THE PARTY OF TH	EXPLOSION HA	ZARD	DATA	
Flash Point (Method Used)	Greater than 767°C (1412°F)	Flammable Limits in A % by Volume		Lower	Upper
Extinguisher Media	Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) or dry ch	nemical type (ABC); sar	nd can be	used.	

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING **PROCEDURES** 

Cadmium dust will burn with evolution of cadmium oxide fumes. Firefighters must wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

(1987 EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK, DOT P 5800.4, GUIDE PAGE NO. 31)

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS** 

At temperatures above 610°F Cadium or Cadmium oxide fumes may be evolved. Dangerous; when heated, Cadmium emits highly toxic fumes; it can react vigorously with oxidizing materials.

\* RTECS: EU9800000 CARCINOGENIC REVIEW: Animal Positive. Cancer hazard based on tests with laboratory animals.

D.O.T. NON-REGULATED.

Approved by U.S. Department of Labor "essentially similar" to form OSHA-20

## HEALTH HAZARD DATA ACGIH-1LV 8-hour IWA (1984-85) (dust) 0.05 m. SECTION V Threshold Limited Value TWA (dust) 0.2 mg/n<sup>-3</sup>; 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. ACGIH STEL 1984-85 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. A single exposure to excessive levels of cadmium fumes or dust can cause Effects of Overexposure severe lung irritation, chest pain and edema which may be fatal. Lower exposure levels may cause dryness of throat, cough, headache, shortness of breath and vomiting. SKIN: Possible skin irritation. Possible skin coloration. EYES: Mechanical irritation. **Emergency and** INHALATION: When concentrated fume has been inhaled, remove to fresh First Ald Procedures air, give oxygen and contact a physician. EYES: (Abnormal circumstance). Flush thoroughly with water. Call physician if irritation develops. SKIN: Flush thoroughly with viater, then wash with mild soap and water. INGESTION: If swallowed, if cor scious, give one or two glasses of water, induce vomiting an call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. REACTIVITY DATA SECTION V Stability Unstable xcessive temperature above 610°F that may Conditions to Avoid produce fumes. Stable Cadmium dust can react vigorously with oxidizing agents. Tarnishes in moist air. Contact with Hydrazoic acid may cause explosion. Avoid storage or use near acids Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) or alkaline hydroxides. Hazardous Heat treatment, welding or soldering of cadmium metal will produce toxic cadmium oxide fumes. **Decomposition Products** Hazardous Polymerization Conditions to Avoid Not applicable. Will Not Occur May Occur SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES SECTION VII Steps to be taken in case Recover for use if not contaminated. Any normal clean up procedure material is released or spilled is applicable, however, if there is any possibility of cadmium dust exposure, approved respiratory equipment should be worn. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to Federal, State or Local laws. These disposal guidelines are intended for the disposal of catalog-size quantities only. Waste Disposal Method Dispose of in an approved contract with an approved and licensed disposal agency. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION SECTION VIII If dusty or fume condition prevali, work in ventilation hood or wear a NIOSH-approved dusk mask or respirator for fumes. (Specify Type) Recommended. | Special Required where there is risk of exposure Local Exhaust Ventilation Recommended. Other Mechanical (General) No. Chemical safety glasses. **Protective Gloves Eye Protection** Other Protective Goggles, lab coat, ventilation, proper gloves, eye wash station. Equipment SECTION IX SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS Precautions to be Taken Store in a cool, dry place away from corrosive materials where corrosion of cadmium metal may occur. Most operation in which cadmium oxide fume dust in Handling & Storing is produced will require process enclosure ventilation designed for the Keep container tightly closed when not in use. operation. Wash tho oughly after handling. ad label on container before using. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals. Other Precautions Personal respiratory protective equipment may be used for temporary or supplemental control. Local exhaust required for melting, grinding, and soldering operation. Remove and wash contaminated clothing. Use care in handling. Abrasive to skin. For laboratory use only. Not for drug, food or household use. Keep out of reach of children.

Rev. No. No. 2 Date 1/20/92 Approved Alexander A. Piccirilli Chemical Sal

safety and health of employees. \* Hazardous Materials Industrial Standards.

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the